Regulatory priority	Conditions of entry into the communications market
Regional or national champion	Designate a REC or country
Sub domains	<ul> <li>Authorization (licensing regime: service based and facilities- EG MVNO)</li> <li>Special incentives (eg tax)</li> <li>Divestment of Government in incumbent operators</li> </ul>
High level objective	Reduce barriers to market entry
Specific objectives	<ul> <li>Transparent licensing framework</li> <li>Transparency in availability of spectrum</li> <li>Promotion of Competition:</li> <li>Geographical fairness and access to market</li> <li>Fair cost-based tariff</li> <li>Promote economic Development EG Infrastructure sharing</li> </ul>
Indicators for measuring results	<ol> <li>Harmonized licensing regimes (different types and levels of services available)</li> <li>Time taken for provision of license or authorization (process and procedures in place) EG online application</li> <li>Number of operators present on the national market;</li> <li>Accessibility to services/ coverage (% of population having access to communication service)</li> <li>Evolution of tariff per basket of service (% of monthly GNI per capita).</li> <li>Efficient and fair allocation of spectrum among licensed operators</li> </ol>

## Desired outcomes (résultats attendus) based on the above indicators

## On the horizon of

- The telecommunications activity regime has been modified on the basis of the principle of a general authorization. The licenses are reserved for the right to use the spectrum
- At least one wholesale operator and two ISPs have entered the market
- An average rate of X Mbit is available for X% of the population
- Retail offer rates for X Mbits are below X
- The penetration rate of offers (3G, 4G, Adsl, Ftth ...) is greater than X%